



## Anti-Human EG-VEGF (#4D27)

20230310DS



**FOR RESEARCH ONLY! NOT FOR HUMAN USE!**

<b>Cat.-no.:</b>	<b>101-M633</b>
Size:	100 µg
Lot. No.:	According to product label

**Preparation:** This antibody was produced from a hybridoma (mouse myeloma fused with spleen cells from a mouse) immunized with recombinant human Endocrine Gland-derived Vascular Endothelial cell Growth Factor (EG-VEGF). IgG2 fraction of culture supernatant was purified

### Target Background

<b>Synonyms (Target):</b>	PROK1; PK1; PRK1; EGVEGF
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Endocrine gland-derived vascular endothelial growth factor (EG-VEGF), also called prokineticin 1 (PK1), is a member of the prokineticin family of secreted proteins that share a common structural motif containing ten conserved cysteine residues that form five pairs of disulfide bonds. Members of this family include the mammalian EG-VEGF/ PK1 and PK2, as well as the venom protein A (VPRA) from the venom of black mamba snake and the frog Bombina variegata, Bv8. Human EG-VEGF precursor is a 105 amino acid (aa) residue protein with a 19 aa signal peptide that is cleaved to yield a 86 aa mature protein. EG-VEGF is expressed in multiple tissues including the gastrointestinal (GI) tract and steroidogenic glands (testis, ovary, placenta and adrenal glands). EG-VEGF has been shown to potently stimulate the contraction of GI smooth muscle. In addition, EG-VEGF is a tissue-specific angiogenic factor that exhibits biological activities similar to that of VEGF on select cells. It induces the proliferation, migration, and fenestration in cultured endocrine gland-derived capillary endothelial cells. EG-VEGF binds to and activates two closely related G protein-coupled receptors, EG-VEGF/ PK1R1 and EG-VEGF/ PK2R2. Activation of the receptors leads to stimulation of phosphoinositide turnover and activation of p44/p42 MAP kinase signaling pathways.

### Database References Target

<b>Protein RefSeq:</b>	NP_115790
<b>Uniprot ID:</b>	P58294
<b>mRNA RefSeq:</b>	NM_032414

### Product Specifications

<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Reactivity against</b>	Human
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Clone</b>	(#4D27)
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Purification</b>	Protein G chromatography
<b>Antigen</b>	human recombinant EG-VEGF protein
<b>Formulation</b>	lyophilized
<b>Reconstitution buffer</b>	PBS

### Application/Handling

**Reconstitution:** Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Reconstitute the antibody with 500 µl sterile PBS and the final concentration is 200 µg/ml.

**Stability:** Lyophilized samples are stable for 2 years from date of receipt when stored at -70°C. Reconstituted antibody can be aliquoted and stored frozen at < -20°C for at least for six months without detectable loss of activity.



**AVOID REPEATED FREEZE AND THAW CYCLES!**

### Applications

The antibody can be used within the following applications:

Capture Ab

**NOTE: OPTIMAL DILUTIONS SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY EACH LABORATORY FOR EACH APPLICATION!**